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WHEN AND WHERE

For some weeks past it has been clear that the Paris Conference would run on past the time when the United Nations Assembly was due to begin its meetings in New York. Three possibilities presented themselves: First, to adjourn the Paris Conference; secondly, to postpone the Assembly once more; or, finally, to allow both to run on concurrently. The objections to adjourning the Peace Conference are obvious. Slow and unsatisfactory as its proceedings have been, there is every reason to press on now, rather than disperse delegations, many of whom have come long distances, in the uncertain hope of reassembling them at a still uncertain date. No less strong are the objections to postponing the Assembly, which has already been put off from Sept. 3 to Sept. 23, and which is faced with a number of urgent practical problems, including its own budget. What is even more important is to make it clear to the peoples of the world, who still stake great hopes on a body in which all member States can talk on an equality, that the Assembly is not some second-rate gathering to be told to kick its heels. There are difficulties in the way of holding both the Assembly and the Conference at the same time, since the delegations sent by the smaller countries and even by the greater Powers are liable to overlap. Hence the proposal by the British and American representatives in Paris that a compromise should be reached whereby the Assembly might transact the minimum of essential business and then adjourn, while in the meantime the plenary sessions in Paris should be halted, and the Conference kept in being only by its Commissions. M. Vyshinsky has opposed either a pause in the plenary sessions in Paris or a limitation of the United Nations Assembly's agenda. The Russian proposal is that either the Assembly should be postponed once more, or that it should sit within easy reach of the Conference—in Paris or preferably in Geneva. The objections to postponing the Assembly further have already been stated. M. Trygve Lie, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, some weeks ago described such a possibility as deplorable and he has now stated that the plans are unchanged. To move the organisation at this late date to Geneva appears quite impracticable, and the project is the more remarkable as coming from M. Vyshinsky, since it was largely the pressure of the Slav bloc before and during the early months of this year which got it established away from Europe and in the United States. Russia, it was said, retained bitter memories of the Soviet's experience of the old League at Geneva. But the atmosphere of Security Council meetings in New York, with the wide attention its proceedings received in the United States, seems to have occasioned second thoughts.

ROYAL MARINES

The report that it is intended to form a Royal Marine Volunteer Reserve in the new Territorial Army is proof that the spirit of innovation is not confined solely to the Army proper. That this step is being taken is in great measure due, no doubt, to the magnificent achievements of the 80,000 "hostilities only" men who served in the Corps during the war. It could have been no easy task to expand to such proportions what was a highly trained Corps d'élite of 16,000 with an intense unit pride. It had justly earned itself a reputation for unsurpassed smartness and a unique all-round handiness. It is a tribute not only to the men, but also to those who trained them that the Corps has added greatly to its already memorable traditions. In a war distinguished for the number of amphibious operations, the Royal Marines found constant employment. In the last years of withdrawal they fought desperate rearguard actions in France, Crete and the Far

TODAY IN EUROPE

Paris, situated as it is in the most beautiful part of Europe and at the crossroads which lead to London, Lisbon, Rome and Vienna, has always attracted foreigners and has always had foreign colonies far more numerous than those of most European capitals. To the foreigner, Paris offers a welcome found nowhere else and a deeply satisfying way of life unrivalled in any other great city.

Foreigners flock here for pleasure, they come to escape from intolerable political conditions in their own countries, they come to work, they come for culture. And very often,

By RANDOLPH CHURCHILL

having come, they settle down for good and all, and bring up their children as good Frenchmen.

The largest foreign colony is Italian. They came from overcrowded Italy to seek work and, on the whole, their industrious character has won them a good living. With their marooned shops, their ubiquitous ice cream (now, alas, a rarity), their early vegetables, and their charming atmosphere of opera bouffe, they have added much to the colour and romance of Paris.

Then, there are the Greeks—many thousands of them. They deal principally in foodstuffs. But many of them have made fortunes as outstanding lawyers or financiers.

There are Jews long settled here who came from Eastern Europe and who tend to specialize in silken goods and jewelry. Around Paris, too, dwell many peasants from Eastern Europe who will undertake work thought too heavy by the French labourer.

There are Rumanians on the stage and Argentinians in the night clubs. There are White Russians who drink and talk a lot, and nowadays sometimes Red Russians who drink but never speak at all. There are red-faced English businessmen who work in banks and insurance companies, eat at Maxim's, and drink at the Travellers Club.

And before the war, there were Americans who stayed at the Ritz and Crillon and did their business while wives visited the dressmakers, going laboriously from fitting to fitting. Today the American colony is small and visitors from across the Atlantic are few. But already a few pioneers have arrived to rebalance the old trail which, certainly next year, will be followed by many thousand more.

The Artists

However, the most important of all the foreign colonies here has always been the artists. Paris has an irresistible attraction for art students, and it's astonishing how many not only study here but settle down and come to be accepted as French artists. Sisley the Englishman, Van Gogh the Dutchman, Modigliani the Italian, Picasso the Spaniard—all spent the greater part of their artistic lives in Paris.

Formerly, the artistic colony here consisted of shaggy, romantic figures with unkempt beards, uncut hair, corduroy trousers and flowing ties. They painted, according to the fashion of the day, ample matrons, mysterious woodlands and careful seascapes. Nowadays, the artists are much neater and tidier, and have an almost sporting look about them. At the moment, they tend to cover their canvases with mountains of seascapes superimposed on backgrounds of seaweed.

The attraction of Paris seems to be as strong for writers as for painters. And in the same way that the artists who settle here paint in a French style, foreign writers who settle here manage to write successful books in French. Three who spring to mind and who have written books of considerable importance in the French language are Julian Green, Violet Trefussis and Princess Marthe Bibesco.

Julian Green is an American who was brought up in France and is completely bilingual. All his earlier books were written in French, but he is best known

(Continued at foot of next Col.)

East. When the tide turned they formed the spearhead of our attack on the fortress of Europe. Many a part-time soldier will no doubt aspire to share in the life of what Mr. Churchill told Marshal Stalin in a moment of confidence at Yalta was "the great French Corps in the world."

SELF-GOVERNMENT IN THE BRITISH DEPENDENT EMPIRE

Within the British Commonwealth there are three main categories of territories. The first consists of Dominions of Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa. The Dominions, like Britain herself, are responsible in full for their internal and external affairs. They appoint their own representatives in the capital cities of other countries; they impose their own tariffs; they raise their own armed forces.

In short, Britain and the Dominions are independent nations, each with a part to play in world affairs. When the Dominions declared war on Nazi Germany in 1939 they did so by the free decision of their own parliaments, for Britain's entry into the war in no way committed them to action. Today they exercise their right of free decision in the councils of the United Nations; voting either in accordance with Britain's policy or, if their particular interests lie the other way, against it, yet always conscious of the mutual benefits of cooperation.

The second category of Empire territories includes, for example, India. India can become a Dominion if she chooses; or, if her people prefer it, she may become a nation outside the Empire. Ever since 1942 when Sir Stafford Cripps first went to India with proposals for her independence, the British Government and the Viceroy have been striving to bring about this independence in a manner compatible with the desires and aspirations of all Indian peoples.

The main obstacle in the way of all these negotiations has been the difficulty of reconciling the ambitions and aims of India's two chief peoples, the Hindus and the Moslems. Only if they cooperate with one another can India establish herself as a great power.

Newfoundland's Request

In the same category as India but each on a different footing are Newfoundland, Southern Rhodesia and Burma. Newfoundland, once a Dominion experienced acute financial and economic difficulties and, at her own request, was relieved, temporarily at least, of Dominion status. Southern Rhodesia, with a population part European, is in a different category in order to provide special legislation for her very large native African population.

Burma, which before the war enjoyed wide powers of self-government, was left by the Japanese occupation in a state of utter chaos. The British Government realised that political development could be achieved only with returning economic and social stability. Already, however, representative institutions are being set up in order to prepare within a few years for the Dominion status which Burma has been promised.

The third group in the British Empire comprises some 40 territories. They lie in the West Indies, tropical Africa, the Far East, and areas of the Pacific and the Mediterranean. Britain is directly responsible for their welfare. Throughout these territories, which are known collectively as the British Colonial Empire, advances towards self-government are continually being made.

In Ceylon, an ancient Asiatic in America for his "Memories of Happy Days," which gave a fascinating picture of a typical American family transplanted to Paris.

Violet Trefussis, an Englishwoman, is a daughter of the famous Edwardian hostess, Mrs. George Keppel. At the age of 10, she was considered a backward child and was sent to Paris with her governess. From that day, mist seemed to clear, she became terrifyingly precocious, and soon was writing books in French.

Princess Bibesco, whose Rumanian home is one of those fabulous Eastern European castles—a pink palace lying between mountains and lakes—has lived all her life in France. And she has written all her novels in French, of which the most famous is "Catherine Paris."

During the war, all these three French-writing foreigners, like most of the rest of the British Empire, were scattered all over the world. Today all three have returned to Paris. Doubtless, as conditions brighten, thousands more will follow in their wake.

civilisation and a high degree of intellect and culture are helping the people. In their development towards self-government. Under the new constitution, the people through their elected representatives, virtually become responsible for their own internal administration.

In tropical Africa, people for centuries were lost in barbarism and made contact with the outside world only as the slaves of other nations. Yet here too progress is being made towards self-government although the pace is slower than it is in Ceylon. On the introduction of a new constitution in March, 1946, the Gold Coast became the first British colony in Africa to secure a majority of elected—as opposed to nominated—representatives on the legislative council, which is a law-making, tax-raising body.

Prior to this date the Council, under the presidency of the governor, consisted of 15 official members and 14 unofficial members, of whom 10 were elected. Now, however, the official members have been reduced

By JOSEPHINE KAMM

to 6, the unofficial nominated members have also been reduced to 6, while the elected members have been increased from 10 to 13.

This change, which may seem small compared with the great stride towards self-government that Ceylon has taken, is yet of similar importance. The legislative council of a colony, when first set up, consists entirely of nominated official members. An elected element is introduced only when the people have given evidence of their capacity for administration.

Gradually, this elected element is increased until, first, it gains a majority over the nominated unofficial members and then, (as in the Gold Coast today), over the nominated unofficial and official members combined. On the executive council of the Gold Coast, which the governor consults on all administrative matters, there are at present both African and European members, the African element having been introduced in 1942.

Regional Councils

In Nigeria another African dependency with African members on the executive council, an important constitutional development has also taken place within the past few months. Regional councils, each with an unofficial African majority, are being introduced on the basis of the natural divisions of the country. They will act as a constitutional link between the legislative council and the many native authorities (generally consisting of chiefs, and their councils) responsible in varying degrees for their own local administration.

The regional councils will be empowered to discuss proposed laws before they are submitted to the legislative council, and also to nominate unofficial African members in the legislative council. Finally, to secure

an immediate advance, there is to be an African majority of 6 over the 16 official members and unofficial European members who at present serve on the legislative council. These developments will preserve an unbroken link between the legislative council at the centre and the native authorities, both large and small.

In British Guiana, the elected members of the legislative council are now in a decisive majority. There has been a substantial reduction in the limitations on qualifications for the franchise, though universal suffrage has not yet been introduced. The franchise qualifications have also been reduced in Barbados and here, and also in Bermuda, women have been given the vote on equal terms with men.

Jamaica, largest of the West Indian islands, has proceeded a stage further on the road to self-government. In 1944 a new constitution was introduced, providing for a two-chamber legislature, an entirely elected House of Representatives and a nominated legislative council with a strong unofficial majority. In addition, 5 of the 10 members of the executive council, which initiates all laws, are elected by the House of Representatives from among its own members. The other 5 are appointed from the members of the legislative council. Five committees, each under its own chairman, have been set up in the House of Representatives to deal with general purposes, agriculture, education, social welfare and communications.

Important Developments

In the dependencies of East Africa, as well as in Malaya, Hong Kong, in Malia, in Fiji, in the Seychelles and elsewhere in the Colonial Empire, developments toward self-government are taking place. In each of them, the particular needs and background of the peoples concerned are conditioning the nature and pace of the advance. Sarawak and British North Borneo are to be the function of a Governor-General who will, however, possess no direct administrative functions.

"All those who have made the country (Malaya) their homeland," states a Government White Paper on the Malayan Union, "should have the opportunity of a due share in the country's political and cultural institutions." Among these people are Indians, Arabs, Sinhalese as well as Chinese. The creation of a common Malayan citizenship for the Malays and for the others who were born in the country, or have lived there for some years "is the foundation which the British Government offers for the initial advance towards self-government. All communities should be properly integrated into the life of Malaya," declared the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies recently; "the future development of the country as a whole should be the basis of action and policy. As to the future of Malaya, we desire to march forward to full responsible government in the way other territories of the Empire are moving."

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



FOOD SITUATION WORSE

Difficulties Of Getting Rice From Siam

Announcement By Lord Killearn

Singapore, Sept. 12. The food situation instead of showing the improvement hoped for has deteriorated since the last meeting, stated a communique issued today after the conference of the South-east Asia Liaison officers presided over by Lord Killearn, British Special Commissioner in South-east Asia.

The deterioration was largely due to difficulties in obtaining supplies of rice from Siam. Shipments from Siam during July and August had been considerably less than one-half of expectations and during the current month it was recognised that there was no chance of the estimated availability of 90,000 tons being attained.

Reviewing the situation in various territories, the communique stated that Hong Kong rice stocks were exhausted last week-end and no rice is expected until the end of the month. Accordingly, rice rationing must be suspended. To make up for this a full ration of flour is being issued and also a supplementary ration of army biscuits.

Ceylon is still living on a "ship to mouth" basis. British North Borneo and Sarawak have two ounces per head and are experiencing labour difficulties as a result.

India's Shortage

Burma's rice prospects are good. Although local shortages exist Burma had available in September about 28,000 tons in excess of allocations from her.

In Malaya and Singapore the rice ration was reduced in August and if ships arrive to schedule this ration can be maintained until the end of October. Malaya receives an extra 8,500 tons from the Burma surplus. Flour ration has been increased.

The Indian representative stated that in the Nadas province and Mysore state stocks were available for only six weeks; in Cochin and Behar for one month; in Bengal less than one month; in Travancore for one week. By October all areas, except the United Provinces, might be estimated to have supplies for only one month.

Labour Reactions

In the Netherlands East Indies the position in the eastern islands is good but on the east coast of Borneo there have been serious labour repercussions which have resulted in workers in the oil, coal and lumber industries being reduced to half-day shifts.

In Java and Sumatra they have been out of rice for over a week and no flour is available. The situation in other towns is considerably better.

The Siamese delegate, while admitting difficulties exist regarding the collection of supplies of rice, stated that his government was concerned about the situation and gave assurance that Siam would do all it could to increase the flow of rice.

H.K. Allocation

The conference decided on the following allocation which was approved by the International Emergency Food Commission in Washington of 28,000 tons of rice surplus in September from Burma:

Malaya 8,500; Hong Kong 6,500; Ceylon 9,200; and the Netherlands East Indies 3,200.

Out of some further rice which is available in French Indo-China, 3,700 tons may go to Malaya and 2,000 tons to Borneo.

The conference also agreed to a shipping programme from South-east Asia sources for October based on an estimated availability of 70,000 tons.

This was against the monthly requirements totalling 128,000 tons under the IEFCC allocations and would provide for a

CHURCHILL TO SPEAK

London, Sept. 11. Before returning to Britain from his holiday in Switzerland, Mr. Winston Churchill will deliver an important speech on European affairs at the Zurich University on Sept. 19, the "Evening Standard" reports tonight.—Reuter.

Precious Stones Seized

Berlin, Sept. 11. All day yesterday a big force of British and American police intelligence officers were hard at work on "Operation Sparkler"—the tracing and seizing of all stocks of precious stones and metals deposited in various places in their two zones.

Figures of the yield are not yet available but official estimates put it at 60 to 75 per cent of the total target, which ran into several million pounds in value. Forty arrests were made in the British zone among hundreds of people interrogated and the American authorities reported that "hundreds of individuals have been apprehended and are still undergoing questioning".—Reuter.

Writs Against Squatters

London, Sept. 12. The Government is considering instituting proceedings for criminal conspiracy against the London Communists who organised the "squatters" (name for homeless people who seize vacant property) who moved into the Duchess of Bedford's house and Fountain Court in London.

"Squatters" have been active in various parts of England recently, particularly in military camps, which have been temporarily vacated.

Their activities in London during the last few days have resulted in action being taken by the Ministry of Works.

Today officials of the Ministry arrived at the Duchess of Bedford's house—a block of flats which was taken over by 1,000 "squatters" on Sunday—to remove furniture. The officials left after one of them said he had been threatened by an lion bar.

The police are on duty outside the house and by this evening no action had been taken by them.

Serious View

An official statement this afternoon said that the Government "take a very serious view of the forcible seizure and occupation by unauthorised persons of private premises in London, particularly as these are required for housing and other public purposes."

"This agitation has been instigated by the Communist Party and must result in hindering rather than helping arrangements made for the orderly re-housing of those in need of accommodation. The Government are advised that both civil and criminal laws have been violated. Unless steps are taken to check these lawless measures the rights of ordinary citizens are endangered and anarchy may result."

The statement added that writs have been issued in the High Court on behalf of the Ministry of Works and the Ministry of Health against "trespassers" in the Duchess of Bedford's house and Fountain Court and that a report of all facts has been submitted to the Director of Public Prosecutions.

Police Watch

Writs for possession of the two properties concerned will be issued against 12 represen-

tatives of the "squatters" and the Government hope that the threat of proceedings may be enough to end such movements.

If the "squatters" do not go it may be necessary to issue writs against the head of every family of the "squatters."

The police all over the country have been ordered to watch property likely to be occupied by "squatters" and to deal with any situation that may arise.—Reuter.

Boon Case Draws To A Close

London, Sept. 12. Colonel Halse, prosecutor in the court martial of Major Cecil Boon on charges of aiding the Japanese while a prisoner of war in Hong Kong, replying to the defence submission that there was no case to answer, said:

"I am not going to suggest that there is a prima facie case in the charge which alleges that Major Boon interrogated and procured for purposes of the enemy information regarding British artillery."

Mr. G. O. Slade quoted an article of the Japanese penal law, which stated that anyone resisting any order or command from any supervising guard, or escort, or prisoners of war, or disobeying such order, was liable to capital punishment or confinement for an indefinite period of not less than one year.

The question the court had to consider, he said, was whether Major Boon did what he was alleged to have done to ingratiate himself with the Japanese, or to kowtow to them. Was it with intent to aid the enemy, or betray his duty to his country?

"We have had a welter of prejudice in this case and a welter of bitter witnesses," he added. "I submit that there is not a tittle of evidence."

Escaped Jews Retaken

Nicosia, Sept. 11. Two illegal Jewish immigrants who were stated to have escaped from the Nicosia Military hospital, were taken into custody by the police in Limassol.

This was the first indication that the two had escaped. It is thought that others may be at large in view of the statement by the camp authorities that they have been unable to take a roll call since the illegal immigrants were diverted here from Palestine.

The American woman journalist who was being held by the authorities with the Jewish illegal immigrants at Carados Camp was released this morning.

She had been found in the prohibited area. She claimed to have sailed from Europe on the "Four Freedoms," the ship carrying illegal Jewish immigrants to Palestine.—Reuter.

R.A.F. TRAINING IN RHODESIA

London, Sept. 11. Agreement on the main features of the air training scheme in Southern Rhodesia, accepted by the governments of the United Kingdom and Southern Rhodesia, was completed today by the formal signing of the treaty.

The Air Ministry Mission, headed by Air Marshal Sir Roderick Hill, the Member of the Air Council for Training, visited Southern Rhodesia earlier this year to discuss the establishment there of arrangements for training pilots and navigators of the peace-time Royal Air Force.—Reuter.

TURKEY AND EGYPT

Cairo, Sept. 12. Ismail Sidky Pasha, Premier of Egypt, said today that King Farouk's visit to Turkey, which has just been concluded, will have "good political results in both Egypt and Turkey."

"I am glad of the Royal visit, which will strengthen the relations between the Governments and nations," Sidky Pasha declared in an interview with the Associated Press.

Cairo newspapers did not comment on the visit.—Associated Press.

Yugoslav Overtures To Italy

Paris, Sept. 11. Yugoslavia has "unofficially" contacted Italy to explore the possibilities of a bilateral settlement of the Trieste problem which, by establishing some form of joint sovereignty in Trieste, would remove the area from the over-riding authority of the United Nations.

In return for Italian agreement to such an Italo-Yugoslav "condominium," Yugoslavia would offer new guarantees and rights to the Italian population of Fiume and Gorizia (which under this plan would go to Yugoslavia) with some measure of autonomy for that part of the Istrian peninsula which is placed under Yugoslav sovereignty.

Contact has been on a high level and competent observers feel that these exchanges, however "unofficial," represent an attempt to reach an understanding, which would then be jointly presented for consideration by the Italian Political and Territorial Committee of the Paris Conference.—Reuter.

Yugoslavs Want Ships Back

New York, Sept. 12. Yugoslavia today asked the United Nations Economic and Social Council to take immediate action to restore 167 vessels which Yugoslavia claims are held in the United States zone on the upper Danube.

After Mr. Ernest Ponrose (United States) had proposed that full discussion of the Danube problems be permitted, the Soviet delegate, Mr. Alexander Ponomarev said, "it seems that the United States intends to raise the whole question of navigation on the Danube. This would drown the Yugoslav question."

Czechoslovakia submitted an appeal similar to Yugoslavia's regarding barges held by the Allied Control Commission.—Associated Press.

North-West Frontier Bombing

London, Sept. 12. The Foreign Office said today it had been informed unofficially of three fatalities as a result of the bombing of Northwest Frontier villages.

A spokesman said the deaths occurred as a result of accidental bombing outside an area which had been duly warned of impending punishment.

It said the villages were in an unadministered territory between Afghanistan and the Northwest Frontier provinces.

They are inhabited, the spokesman said, by a race which was "always put for loot and plunder."

He stated that the British method of dealing with the wild tribesmen first was to warn the inhabitants to vacate, then to bomb watch towers and other fortifications.—Associated Press.

King Speaks To Greece

London, Sept. 12. King George of the Hellenes declared in a proclamation to the Greek people last night that "the peace of the world" depended on their ability to rebuild their national unity.

The King said that Greece's vote to restore him to the throne "should be interpreted as a solemn injunction to put a final end to a longstanding division which has weakened our nation and presented us abroad in a false light."

In his first public statement since the plebiscite the monarch, who soon ends his second exile, said of his strife-torn realm, "political normality today cannot be understood in any other sense than the universal and sincere recognition of the rules of a democratic regime and the irrevocable resolve, to apply its provisions and laws equally and without favour."—Associated Press.

Jerusalem, Sept. 12. A moving ceremony, attended by 50,000 Jews, took place today when a large urn with ashes, the remains of a number of Jews burnt by the Nazis in a Polish extermination camp, was buried in Tel-Aviv. A Jewish anti-Nazi committee, headed by the camp in 1940, taking the ashes with him.—Associated Press.



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Racket Headcover	each	£1-5
Rugby Ball Case	each	£1-25
Table Tennis Net	each	£1-50
Tennis Net	each	£1-11
Tennis Net Adjuster	each	£1-11
Volley Ball Net	each	£1-18

per pair	£1-22
Running Shoes	£1-20
Tennis Shoes	£1-12
Football Goal Nets	£1-75
Hockey Inner Guards	£1-4

per set	£2-4
Gold Tee	£1-12
Tomato Cards	£1-12
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Pyjamas Gents Poplin	£1-12
Pyjamas Ladies Silk Emb.	£1-25-55
Ladies Underwear	£1-75
Cuff Links	£1-4
Face Towels	£2-25
House Coat Silk Emb.	£1-75
Kinross Silk Emb.	£1-65
Necktie Dragon	£1-4
Scarfs	£1-0
Sports Jersey	£1-12

Badminton Frame Masterpiece	each	£2-12
Cricket Ball	each	£1-18
Golf Club Match Set Spalding	each	£1-18
Gold Medal 8 Irons & 8 Woods with 1 doz. Spalding	each	£1-18
Toplight Golf Balls	each	£1-450
Hockey Ball	each	£1-18
Squash Frame	each	£1-25-55
Tennis Ball	each	£1-18
Tennis Frame Masterpiece	each	£1-45

per pair	£1-80
Football Boot Laces Patent	£1-80

JUST ARRIVED—from GREAT BRITAIN

G. S. BROTHERS

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\$25 FOOD PARCELS BY POST \$32

Chosen with an eye to the needs of those at home—strongly packed, wrapped in Sinalkraf—insured—your money back if they fail to arrive.

<p>Parcel No. 2—\$25</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 — 1 lb. tin Drippings 1 — 1 1/2 lb. " Jam 1 — 1/2 lb. " Camp Pie 1 — 1/2 lb. " Mixed Fruits 1 — 1/2 oz. " Cocoa 1 — 1/2 lb. " Condensed Milk 1 — 1/2 lb. pkt Jelly Crystal 1 — 1/2 lb. tin Sunshine Milk 1 — 1/2 lb. " Palmolive Soap 	<p>Parcel No. 3—\$25</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 — 1 lb. tin Honey 1 — 14 oz. " Condensed Milk 1 — 1/2 lb. " Meat Pie 1 — 12 oz. pkt Mixed Fruits 1 — 1/2 lb. " Jelly Crystal 1 — 1/2 lb. " Pastry Mixture 1 — 1/2 lb. tin Plum Pudding 1 — 1/2 lb. " Peach Jam 1 — 1/2 lb. " Hampe Meat Paste
---	---

Alternative packages available, from \$25.00 to \$32.00
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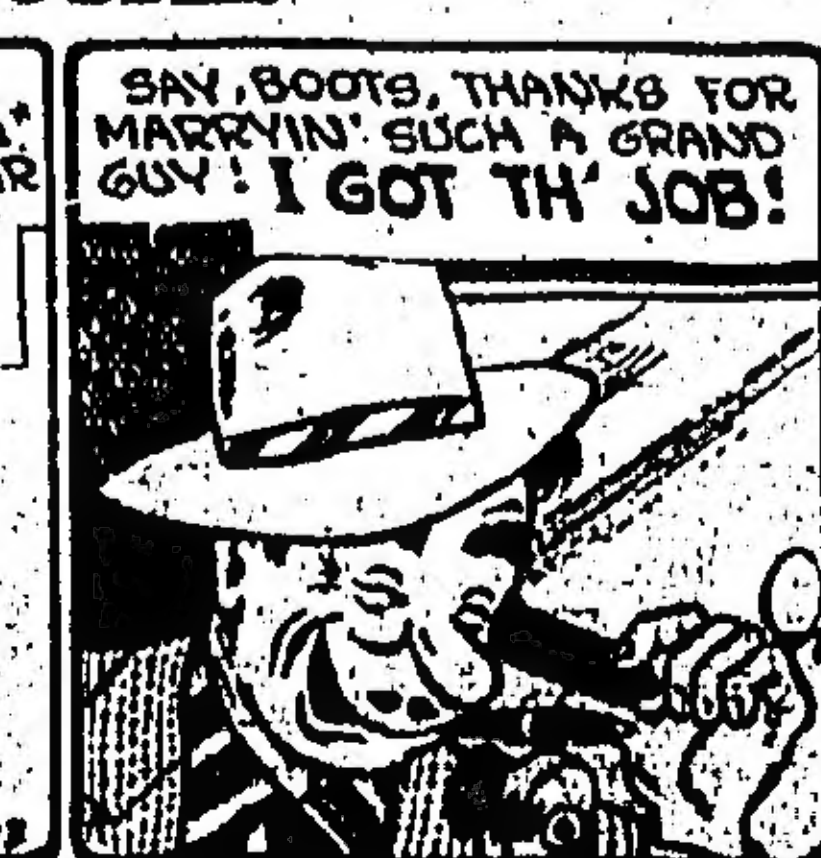
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BOOTS AND HER BUDDIES



The Real Reward



BY EDGAR MARTIN



MacArthur Prefers Springboard

London, Sept. 12. The Soviet Government newspaper "Izvestia" reported by the Moscow radio said today Gen. Douglas MacArthur's deeds show he prefers "a springboard for war" rather than a bulwark for peace.

Commenting on the American Commander's Tokyo statement of Sept. 2 that "the trend of uncertainty of an ideological war hangs over Japan and that Japan could be either a powerful bulwark for peace or a dangerous springboard for war," Izvestia said "his policy is judged not by words but by deeds and General MacArthur's deeds show that of two alternatives he prefers the springboard."

The broadcast said the United States State Department failed to refute what it called General MacArthur's "proclamation of an anti-communist campaign."—Associated Press.

MONEY MART

There was no change in Chinese National Currency yesterday and the market remained lifeless, with rates opening at \$1.30 for futures and \$1.40 for spot, and closing at \$1.20 and \$1.48 respectively.

Gold was quiet at \$34.4 a tael. U.S. dollars were unchanged at \$4.67 for buyers. Sterling and Australian pounds eased off slightly to \$1.59 and \$1.20 respectively.

Shanghai Exchange

Closing Shanghai quotations, enabled by Associated Press:

	Buying	Selling
CNS	215,000	216,000
U.S. dollars	3,350	3,380
H.K. dollars	690	700

A Chinese woman, Yu Yip-king, who resisted an attempt by three armed men to snatch her rings at 9.15 last night near the Wanchai Health Centre, was stabbed in the chest with a dagger. She was admitted to Queen Mary Hospital but her condition was stated to be not serious.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

MAIL NOTICE

Outward Mails

Unless otherwise stated, Registered Articles and Parcel Posts close 30 minutes earlier than the time stated below:—

FRIDAY, SEPT. 13
 Saigon (Heliport) 10 a.m.
 Manila P.I. (Manchuria) 10 a.m.
 Macao, Tainan and Shekkl (Kwongai) 11 a.m.
 Shanghai (Wing Sang) noon.
 Saigon (Wing Sang) 2 p.m.
 Airmail for Singapore, Rangoon, Calcutta, Delhi, Johannesburg, Cairo, London, Sydney and Auckland (By Air) Kowloon C.P.O. (Reg.) 1 p.m. (Ord.) 1.30 p.m.; G.P.O. (Reg.) 1.30 p.m. (Ord.) 2 p.m.
 Shanghai (Eastern) 3 p.m.
 Amoy (Anhui) 3 p.m.
 Airmail for Canton, Chungking and Kunning (C.N.A.C. Plane) (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
 Kowloon (Kwan Lul) 4 p.m.
 Canton (By Train) 5 p.m.
SATURDAY, SEPT. 14
 Airmail for Canton and Shanghai (C.N.A.C. Plane) (Reg.) 9.30 a.m. (Ord.) 10 a.m.
 Macao, Tainan and Shekkl (Kwong Fook Cheung) 10 a.m.
 Shanghai (Silver Sand) 10 a.m.
 Bangkok (Prosper) 10 a.m.
 Swatow and Bangkok (Kwai-yang) noon.
 Shanghai (Tsinnan) noon.
 Manila P.I. (Hiram S. Maxim) 3 p.m.
 Straits (Van Heutsz) 3 p.m.
 Haiphong (Empire Labrador) 3 p.m.
 Shanghai (Glenstrae) 3 p.m.
 Airmail for Canton, Kunning and Chungking (C.A.T.C. Plane) (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.
 Wuhow (Kwongai Province) (Nam Wah) 4 p.m.
 Canton (By Train) 4 p.m.
SUNDAY, SEPT. 15
 Canton (Fatahan) (Reg.) 5 p.m. 14/9, (Ord.) 5 p.m. 15/9.
 Macao, Tainan and Shekkl (Kwongai) (Reg.) 5 p.m. 14/9, (Ord.) 5 p.m. 15/9.
 Airmail for Hoihow, Kwoilin, Hankow and Nanking (C.N.A.C. Plane) (Reg.) 5 p.m. 14/9, (Ord.) 10 a.m. 15/9.
 Airmail for Canton, Shanghai, Tsingtao and Peiping (C.A.T.C. Plane) (Reg.) 5 p.m. 14/9, (Ord.) 10 a.m. 15/9.
MONDAY, SEPT. 16
 Macao, Tainan and Shekkl (Kwong Fook Cheung) 10 a.m.
 Manila P.I. (Oriental) 10 a.m.
 Formosa (Shan Lee) 10 a.m.
 Shanghai (Tijialongka) 10 a.m.
 Airmail for Singapore, Rangoon, Calcutta, Delhi, Johannesburg, Cairo, London, Sydney and Auckland (By Air) (Reg.) 1.30 p.m. (Ord.) 2 p.m.
 Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Egypt and Europe via Liverpool (Atrous) (Par.) 2.30 p.m. (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m.
 Canton (By Train) 4 p.m.

NEW DRAFT ESTIMATES PRESENTED TO COUNCIL

Presenting the report of the Select Committee appointed at the last meeting of the Legislative Council to consider the draft estimates for the year 1946-47, the Acting Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Mr. R. R. Todd, said at yesterday's meeting of the Council that other than for some proposed amendments of a minor clerical and accounting nature, new draft estimates deserving special mention were:—

An increase of \$74,000 necessitated by the recent decision to bring the rates of pay of the Fire Brigade into line with those approved some time ago for the Police Force and the inclusion of \$32,000 to cover the expenses of a scheme enabling 19 medical students who had finished their studies at Chinese Universities to complete one year's clinical work as internes in the Colony's hospitals.

In presenting the report the Hon. Mr. R. R. Todd said: "I rise to present the Report of the Select Committee which was appointed, at the meeting of this Council held on Sept. 5, to consider the draft Estimates for the year 1946-47 and the Appropriation Bill; and also to move the Resolution that the Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1946-47, incorporating the amendments proposed by the Select Committee, be approved."

"A copy of the Report of the Select Committee, which consisted of myself, the Financial Secretary and all the Unofficial Members of this Council, is in the hands of each Honourable Member."

"After due consideration the Committee decided to recommend no amendment to the Estimates of Revenue."

"As will be seen in the Report of the Select Committee, some of the proposed amendments to the Estimates of Expenditure are of a minor clerical and accounting nature. One or two, however, deserve special mention."

Fire Brigade

"Under Head 10, Fire Brigade, an increase of some \$74,000 under the Personal Emoluments Sub-head is necessitated by the recent decision to bring the rates of pay of the Fire Brigade into line with those approved some time ago for the Police Force and to increase the establishment to provide for a twelve-hour day. Both the Police and the Fire Brigade are disciplined forces, and when at the beginning of this year proposals for improved terms of service in the Police Force were submitted to the Secretary of State it was pointed out that the extension of such improved terms to the Fire Brigade was a natural consequence. Shortening of the hours of duty involves an increase in the personnel of the Brigade and this is again reflected in extra provision for uniforms. During the debate on Sept. 5 several tributes were paid by Honourable Members to the work of the Fire Brigade since the re-organisation in circumstances of great difficulty and risk, perhaps this is not an inappropriate occasion to point out that the work of the Fire Brigade also has been carried out in difficult circumstances and that an ever-present element of risk is inherent in their duties."

"Under Head 16, Medical Department, the Committee has seen fit to recommend the inclusion of a sum of \$32,000 to cover the expenses of a scheme which will enable 19 medical students who have finished their studies at Chinese Universities to complete one year's clinical work as internes in our local hospitals and to qualify for their Hong Kong degree. There is a world-wide shortage of doctors, which is felt as keenly in the Colonies as elsewhere, and the present scheme is in the interests of both the students themselves and our Medical Department. The Honourable Director of Medical Services, in the review of the work of the Medical Department which he gave at the last meeting of this Council, assured Honourable Members that very earnest consideration is being given to the improvement of the medical and health services. This small new item in the Estimates will contribute towards the betterment of those services."

Tribute To Mr. Follows

"The amendments recommended in the Report of the Select Committee, together with certain others which were referred to by the Honourable Financial Secretary at the end of his speech before this Council on Sept. 5 will necessitate amendments to the Schedule of the Appropriation Bill. These amendments will be made when this Council goes into Committee to conclude the Second Reading of the Bill later this afternoon."

"I should like to express my cordial thanks to my Unofficial colleagues for the careful and diligent attention they have given to the Estimates both before and during the Select Committee stage and for their sympathetic appreciation of the financial and other difficulties which confront Government during these days of reconstruction and reconstruction. During the twelve months which have elapsed since the re-occupation, many things have had to be done

and many important decisions taken for which no time-honoured precedents were available for guidance.

"Finally, may I pay my humble tribute to my colleague the Hon. Financial Secretary, for his labours at all stages of the preparation and presentation of these Estimates? No one is in a better position than I am to realize the difficulties and delays, at times exasperating, with which he has been confronted, or to observe the unfailing perseverance and patience with which he has overcome them all. I associate with these remarks the name of his assistant, Mr. Hetherington."

"Your Excellency, I now move that the Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1946-47, as amended by the Select Committee, be approved."

Failure Of A Mission?

Washington, Sept. 12. Constantine Brown, Washington "Star" political commentator, said in his column today that Gen. George C. Marshall's most recent reports to the United States Government on his peace efforts in China "show that he has reached the end of the rope."

He continued "henceforth the armed clash between the forces officially recognized by the Chinese Government and the Moscow supported Communists will become increasingly intense. No decision can be expected for some time."

Brown declared the China conflict was fast becoming a struggle between Democratic and Communist ideologies.

The columnist predicted President Truman may be faced soon with the choice of deciding whether to continue the policy of supporting the recognized Government of China or yielding to pressure groups and withdraw all assistance from Chiang Kai-shek and let "nature" take its course with Russia giving all aid out to the Yenan group."—Associated Press.

Beyrouth, Sept. 12. Government sources said today that Lebanon had asked Moscow for the repatriation of Fawzi Kawoukji, a leader of the Arab revolt of 1936, now known to be on Soviet territory.—Associated Press.

Government Statement On Motor-Car Sales

Replying to three questions put by the Hon. Mr. R. D. Gillespie before Legislative Council yesterday on the subject of Government control of motor-car sales, the Acting Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Mr. R. R. Todd, explained that apart from ensuring adequate provision for the needs of doctors, as little restriction as possible was being issued to dealers in respect of the question of priority of sales.

The Hon. Mr. Gillespie, asked the following questions:

(a) To what class of person, and in what order of priority, does Government insist that dealers should sell new motor cars?

(b) What check is made by Government to see that those people who are allowed to buy new cars do not resell them?

(c) How many new cars have, in fact, been resold, and on what grounds did Government sanction the transfers?

The Honourable Colonial Secretary replied: "Every dealer is required, before the arrival of each shipment of motor-cars imported by him, to submit to the Controller of Land Transport a list of the persons to whom he proposes to sell the cars. Apart from ensuring adequate provision for the needs of doctors, as little restriction as possible has been imposed on the dealers in the past. At the present time no instructions are being issued to dealers as to the order

Magic Word Wanted

Paris, Sept. 12. France has only to officially pronounce the magic word "independence" to guarantee the end of bloodshed in Indo-China, Ho Chin Minh said today.

Mr. Ho, President of the self-proclaimed Republic of Viet Nam, added, in an interview, that he was optimistic for eventual settlement of the differences between Viet Nam and France—but not before next January.

"France must first have a stable, permanent Government willing to take the necessary, important decisions," said the one-time Marxist revolutionary leader.

Lack of such a Government in Paris was blamed by Mr. Ho for the breakdown of the "Fontainebleau conference"—called to negotiate the Viet Nam-French differences without even being able to agree on a free-saving announcement of minor points of agreement.

He asserted that, on his return to the Far East he would undertake to stamp out the native guerrilla warfare against the French that has cost hundreds of lives on both sides. For their part, the French are going to order their soldiers to cease fire, he said.—Associated Press.

PEACE CAN COME TO CHINA

San Francisco, Sept. 11. Four hundred Protestant missionaries are awaiting the end of the maritime strike to sail for China and other Far Eastern points.

At a farewell meeting, the magazine publisher, Mr. Henry Luce, born in China of missionary parents, predicted that a "broad measure of peace can come to China." He said a great age for China was in prospect but "Christian missionaries there will face many bitter disappointments."

Professor William Hung, of Yenching University at Peiping, told the group that "peace can not be made by victory or conquest. It must be reached only through reconciliation. Christianity is the only sure way to reconciliation."—Reuter.

CHINESE MINISTER RETURNING

Poole, Sept. 11. Dr. Wang Shih-chieh, Chinese Foreign Minister, left here by a BOAC flying boat today for Calcutta on his way home to report to his Government. He had arrived in England by air yesterday from Paris, where he had been leading his country's delegation at the Peace Conference.—Reuter.

Batavia, Sept. 12. Acting Governor General H. J. Van Mook today outlawed by decree the Indonesian National Army of South Celebes as "a danger to public order."—Associated Press.

Nationalists Mopping Up In Jehol

Nanking, Sept. 11. The recent Chinese Government counter-offensive in Jehol which resulted in the capture of Chengteh, Lungieh and Chihfeng has now slowed down into mopping-up operations to consolidate the newly-recovered areas, according to a Government statement.

Government forces are reported to have taken Hsifengkow, about 50 miles southeast of Chengteh, on Sunday, thereby restoring the highway communication between Hsifengkow and Tangpa. This followed the Government success on the previous day when they routed the Communists south of Chienping, some 55 miles southeast of Chihfeng.

Government troops are now surging forward towards Chucheng, while another column is heading for Kueikow.

Meanwhile, Communist troops in Chengteh, Lungieh and Chihfeng are being liquidated. Before they evacuated Chihfeng, however, they had destroyed the airfield and arsenals there and taken foodstuffs and raw materials, the statement added.

A dispatch from Peiping says that Communists have breached the Grand Canal and Tachin river, flooding more than 20 districts.

The Communists besieging Tantung made concentrated attacks on the southern sector of the city on Monday, according to military reports from Taiyuan, which say that fierce fighting lasted till the following morning.—Reuter.

Tsining Entered

Peiping, Sept. 12. Government sources reported today that Government troops have penetrated into the heavily fortified city of Tsining, 100 miles west of Kalgan, against heavy Communist resistance.

Unconfirmed reports said that General Fu Tso-yi's troops are pushing eastward along the Peiping-Suiyuan railroad toward Kalgan and have entered the main section of Tsining as Red defenders fought behind fortifications erected by Government troops in 1936.

Government sources said they had confirmed reports that Nationalist troops had captured Kueikow, the important pass through the Great Wall.

In East Hopeh Province, one of five Government columns converging on Tsunhua pushed to within 10 miles of that Communist military base.

In Canton, it is reported that provincial guards from Kwangtung have been sent into Hainan Island to reinforce the drive against elements the Government described as "bandits" but did not otherwise identify.—Associated Press.

LONDON UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

1. Applications for entry to the January 1947 London University Matriculation Examination must be made to me on forms now available at the Education Office, Fire Brigade Building. No applications will be accepted after the 4th October, 1946.

2. Students considering entry to London University Intermediate or Final Examinations are warned that it is necessary to register as an external student of the University a considerable time before the actual date of examination. Further information may be obtained on application to the Education Office.

Director of Education, 11th September, 1946.

NOTICE TO SAFE DEPOSIT BOX OWNERS AND SAFE CUSTODY RECEIPT HOLDERS

A list of numbers of Safe Deposit Boxes and Safe Custody Receipts held in 1941 are posted in the Office of the Custodian of Property.

Claims of ownership must be made only in writing and accompanied by full particulars—name of Bank, number of receipt, and a description of contents.

N. J. PERRIN, Acting Custodian of Property.

HONG KONG FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION Stanley Community Shield Competition (Seven-a-side)

The first round of this competition will be played on the Club ground on Saturday 14 and Sunday 15, commencing each day at 3.00 p.m.

Prices of admission:—\$2.40 and \$1.20.

Proceeds will be donated to charity.

THE MACAO ELECTRIC LIGHTING COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE is hereby given that the Thirty-First Ordinary Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Mezzanine Floor, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building, Hongkong, on Monday, the sixteenth day of September, 1946 at 8 p.m.

By Order of the Board of Directors
 JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER
 Secretaries.

Shareholders are requested to inform the Company or the Secretaries the numbers of the shares held by them and also the numbers of the certificates.

THE HONG KONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.

Notice to Shareholders

All holders of shares in this Company are requested to register immediately the following particulars:—

1. Name in full.
2. Address.
3. Number of shares held.
4. Share Certificate numbers.
5. Distinguishing numbers of shares.

This information is required for the purpose of checking the Register of Members.

J. MOODIE
 Acting Manager & Secretary.
 Hongkong, 10th Sept., 1946.

THE "STAR" FERRY COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice to Shareholders

All holders of shares in this Company are requested to register immediately the following particulars:—

1. Name in full.
2. Address.
3. Number of shares held.
4. Share Certificate numbers.
5. Distinguishing numbers of shares.

This information is required for the purpose of checking the Register of Members.

J. MOODIE
 Acting Manager & Secretary.
 Hongkong, 10th Sept. 1946.

HARBOUR DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION

For information of Ship Operators and Charterers

Monday, 9th September, 1946 is hereby declared to have been a weather non-working day.

J. JOLLY,
 Harbour Master.

Harbour Department,
 Hongkong, 12th Sept. 1946.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT NOTICE

The undermentioned Schools will open on Thursday, 19th September, 1946, at the times stated:—

Central British School, Kowloon 9.00 a.m.
 Quarry Bay Junior School 8.30 a.m.
 28 Kennedy Road Junior School 8.30 a.m.
 Registered pupils up to 11 years will attend the school nearest their homes. Those of 11 years and over will attend Central British School, Kowloon.

T. R. ROWELL,
 DIRECTOR OF EDUCATION.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

50 WORDS \$1 FOR ONE INSERTION PREPAID, \$1 FOR EACH ADDITIONAL INSERTION, ADDITIONAL WORDS 10 CTS. PER WORD PER INSERTION

\$2

Replies are awaiting at our offices for Box Nos. 62, 81, 82, 83, 89, 100, 102, 104, 106, 112, 114.

PERSONAL

YOUNG girl would like to make the acquaintance of a gentleman with a view to cultivating friendship and for outings, age 30 to 35. Write Box No. 117 "China Mail."

POSITION VACANT

APPLICATIONS are invited from certificated or qualified navigating or diesel engineer officers for employment as Coast Staff Officers on the preventive ships of the Chinese Maritime Customs Service. Terms of employment may be obtained from the Office of the Chinese Maritime Customs, 4th Floor, Marina House, Queen's Road, Central.

PREMISES WANTED

REQUIRED by British family, two bedrooms or one large unfurnished or partly, share dining-room and kitchen. Consider paying or sharing reasonable expenses making premises suitable. Deal with principals only; particulars in writing. Any district. Reply Box 110 "China Mail."

WANTED TO BUY

WANTED British Officers Barathen Uniform—height 5' 10" must be in good condition. Apply Box No. 118 "China Mail."

FOR SALE

NEW Typewriter Ribbons, all colours, \$6.00 each. Typewriters for hire, reasonable rent. Standard Typewriter Co., Alexandra Bldg., Ground Fl. Tel. 30591.

"SAVAGE" high velocity .032 Automatic Pistol, \$250. Naval Binoculars (7x50) \$250. Plane, "Blauvelt's" London, beautifully cased, \$750. G.P.O. Box 415.

Chinese Optical Co. OPTICIAN 67 QUEEN'S ROAD C

Service Auction Rooms

Auctioneers, Surveyors etc. Basement, French Bank Bldg. A.E.B. de Sousa, Auctioneer. Telephone 31867.

LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors and Appraisers. Pedder Building, Telephone No. 20224.

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have received instructions from The Acting Custodian of Property to sell by Public Auction on

Friday, the 13th. Sept. 1946 commencing at 10.00 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, Pedder Building, Basement

51 PIECES OF PERSIAN AND TIENTSIN CARPETS

measuring 2 1/2' x 4 1/2' 2 Pieces
 3' x 5' 29 Pieces
 3' x 6' 1 Piece
 5' x 8' 5 Pieces
 6' Diameter 1 Piece
 6' x 9' 1 Piece
 8' x 10' 8 Pieces
 9' x 12' 9 Pieces

The Auction Rooms of the Undersigned at Pedder Building, Basement, where the Carpets are stored, will be open to inspection on the 11th and 12th September 1946, between 10.00 a.m. and noon, and between 2.00 p.m. and 4.00 p.m.

The Auction is subject to the Conditions of Sale published in the 8th March 1946 issue of the Gazette.

LAMMERT BROS. Auctioneers.

SHOWING
TO-DAY**QUEEN'S**At 2.30, 5.15,
7.15 & 9.15 p.m.DON'T MISS JUNE HAVER'S FIRST PICTURE
HERE!

Fred MacMURRAY

Joan LESLIE

June HAVER

AIR
CONDITIONED**KINGS**AIR
CONDITIONED

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30 5.10, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.

STIRRING SAGA OF A
PATROL OF 13 HEROES!SHOWING
TO-DAY**ORIENTAL**At 2.30, 5.15,
7.00-9.30 p.m.The amazing and romantic exploits of the
daring but glamorous lady famed in legend
and story throughout the West!LAST
FOUR
SHOWS
TO-DAY**LEE THEATRE**AT
2.30
5.15
7.20
9.30
P.M.TOWN BOOKING OFFICE
W. HAKING & CO. ALEXANDRA BLDG. GR. FL.
BETWEEN 11.00 A.M. AND 5.00 P.M. DAILY

RITA HAYWORTH — LEE BOWMAN

"TONIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT"
TO-MORROW
GARY COOPER

"SERGEANT YORK"

**CHINESE
ART
GALLERY**DEALERS OF CHINESE
PAINTINGS
AND
CURIOS

THE BANK OF CANTON

Bldg., 1st fl., 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

RIOTS ENQUIRYCalcutta, Sept. 11.
The Bengal Government to-
day appointed a commission to
enquire into last month's riot-
ing between Hindus and Mos-
lems in Calcutta in which over
3,000 people were reported kill-
ed. Mr. Patrick Spens, the
Chief Justice of India, is to**MAJESTIC**

SHOWING TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

The story of 4 fates... 8 lives
...any one of which could
be Yours!**"FLESH AND
FANTASY"**Starring
Charles BOYER
Edward G. ROBINSON
Barbara STANWYCK
Betty FIELD
Robert CUMMINGS
Anna LEE
A Universal PICTURE
NEXT CHANGE**"ONCE UPON A TIME"**preside over the commission,
which will investigate the
causes of the disturbances in
Calcutta between Aug. 16 and
20, and the measures taken to
deal with them.—Renter.

India On Brink Of Civil War -- Jinnah

Bombay, Sept. 12.

Mahomed Ali Jinnah, head of the Moslem League, said today that India stood on the brink of a ruinous civil war which could be averted only by prompt and sincere action and skilled diplomatic negotiations.

Jinnah told interviewers today that the recent bloody riots in Calcutta and Bombay were "undoubtedly symptoms of the nearness of civil war all over India and of the pattern that such civil war might follow."

He declared that India is now in such a dangerous position that the remedy must lie with those at the top of the British Government.

Jinnah added that "the underlings have brought us to the point where we face two choices and only two. One is the choice of civil war, which would ruin Hindus and Moslems and the nation alike, and from which I hope we can be spared although we are nearer to it than most people seem to be able to realise and be willing to admit."

Good People

"The other choice is a peaceful settlement through negotiations among the leaders of this country and the highest authorities in Britain. This would have to be a conference in which good people instead of face-saving individuals would be the paramount consideration. It would have to be carried out in calm surroundings with sincere determination, honesty and skill," he declared.

Jinnah said more was at stake than just the future of India and added:

Russia Not Approached

"This is the sort of situation that breeds world wars. Britain is alienating 100,000,000 Moslems with her present policies. Does that not seem to be a dangerous thing for the peace of the world when one considers what happened elsewhere? I am not negotiating with Russia, nor am I hoping to negotiate with Russia for her intervention in the affairs of India," he said.

"Any such story is nonsense. A recitation of the lessons

Monty On The Bomb

Washington, Sept. 12.

Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery said today he believed that the role of the atomic bomb in warfare still remained to be worked out. The British Chief of Staff told a news conference that the weapon made its appearance on the battlefield "at a pretty late stage."

He added: "No doubt it is going to have an effect on future wars but to what extent remains to be seen."

Lord Montgomery was introduced by General Dwight Eisenhower as "one of the great soldiers of this war."

Lord Montgomery said there was no reason to think tanks and other armour will disappear from the battlefields of the future. A Chinese correspondent asked his opinion of the role played by Russia in the war. He replied "terrible."

"There was a great movement from the West led by General Eisenhower and a great movement from the East led by General Stalin. They met!" he finished.—Associated Press.

TITLES TO GO

Budapest, Sept. 11.
Hungarian titles like duke and baron will disappear under a new Government decree abolishing titles and ranks as contrary to the spirit of the new democracy.—Renter.

BRIDGE NOTES

"Make your comment as sharp as you like," suggests a Buffalo player. "We certainly got to a bad enough contract—down six tricks! But what caused the trouble?"

North, Dealer.
Neither side vulnerable.
S—A K 8 7 6 4 3 2
H—10 5
D—9 6
C—6S—Q J 9
H—2
D—K J 8 4
C—Q J 7
4 3S—10
H—A 9 8 3
D—A Q 10 5
C—K 10 9 2The bidding:
North East South West
1S 2H 3NT Pass
4NT Pass 5H Pass
5H Pass 5NT Pass
6H Pass 6NT Dbl.
Pass Pass Pass

To be perfectly frank, we think the hand was so badly bid that it's worth printing only as a horrible example of what can happen when a player has so little confidence in his partner that he disregards all warnings and storm signals. We don't think that North bid well, but South's bidding was really inexcusable. (We were asked to be sharp, so we're not mincing words.)

Instead of bidding three no-trump, to begin with, South should have doubled two hearts for penalties. North would not let the double stand, but a sound contract of four spades would easily be reached. But even if South referred not to double two hearts, he should have bid only two no-trump. North would then bid four spades, which South should pass.

To turn our attention to North, the opening bid was sound enough despite the high-card weakness, but the slam try of four no-trump was optimistic to the point of rashness. South showed two Aces by bidding five hearts (Blackwood convention) and that forced North to the unmakeable contract of five spades.

Right here was where South, not satisfied with having overbid already, decided to play the hand at no-trump at any cost. He should have trusted his partner to have a spade suit good enough to need no support. Bidding five no-trump was bad enough, but when North bid six spades, South should have let bad enough alone.

DREAM COMES TRUE

Campbelltown, Argyleshire, Sept. 12.

Satisfying a popular juvenile dream, the village school caught fire today and 250 pupils went on holiday. The police said that the children themselves started the blaze.—Associated Press.

Secret Atom Report

Chicago, Sept. 12.

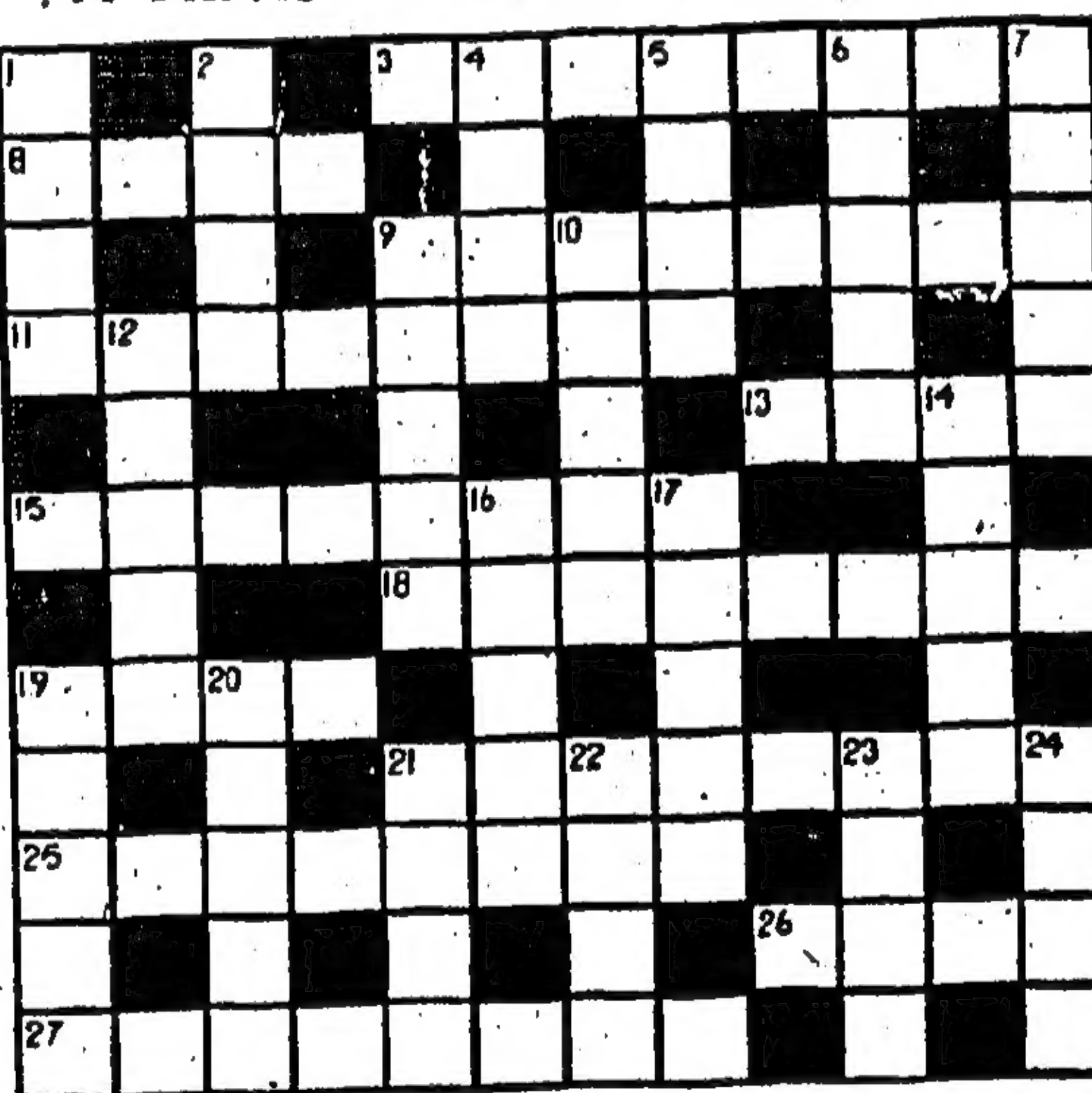
A hitherto secret section of the atomic bomb report of the joint Chiefs of Staff, recommending preparedness against nuclear attack on the United States, was read to the American Chemical Society today by Colonel Bradley Dewey, President of the Society. Dewey also declared that the bomb, instead of destroying civilization might shorten future wars but he favoured using it to outlaw war.

Dewey read: "National security dictates adoption of a policy of instant readiness to defend ourselves against any threat of an atomic weapon attack at any time and adherence to this policy until it is certain that there can never be an atomic war."

"One enduring principle of war is not altered by the advent of the atomic weapon. Offensive strength will remain the best defence. Therefore, so long as atomic bombs conceivably can be used against this country, the Board urges the continued production of atomic material and research and development in all fields relating to atomic warfare."—Associated Press.

which history teaches does not constitute an invitation to some foreign power to do certain things," he declared.—Associated Press.

A BRITISH CROSS WORD PUZZLE



Across

3. Unenlighten- 15. N.C.O.
ed. 18. Banish.
6. Utter defeat. 10. Fellow.
9. Feign illness. 21. Guilding.
11. Executed. 25. Yankee.
13. Fewer in 26. Related.
number. 27. Came back.

Yesterday's Crossword

ACROSS:—1. Perish; 4. Tasks; 7. Consumer; 8. Nomad; 9. Duster; 11. Umpire; 13. Presume; 15. Livery; 18. Trier; 19. Omission; 20. Tenor; 21. Giants.
DOWN: 1. Paced; 2. Inset; 3. Humdrum; 4. Turnip; 5. Submerge; 6. Spades; 10. Sheridan; 12. Melting; 13. Patent; 14. Up-roar; 16. Vista; 17. Yanks.

Down

1. Seize. 9. Field-officer. 10. Souvenir. 21. Jetty.
2. Quieten. 10. Licit. 17. Fruit. 22. Tardy.
4. Spur. 12. Memorable. 19. Seat of authority. 23. Black.
5. Latin poet. era. 20. On the qui-
6. Corner. 14. Glossy fabric. 20. On the qui-
7. Wearies.

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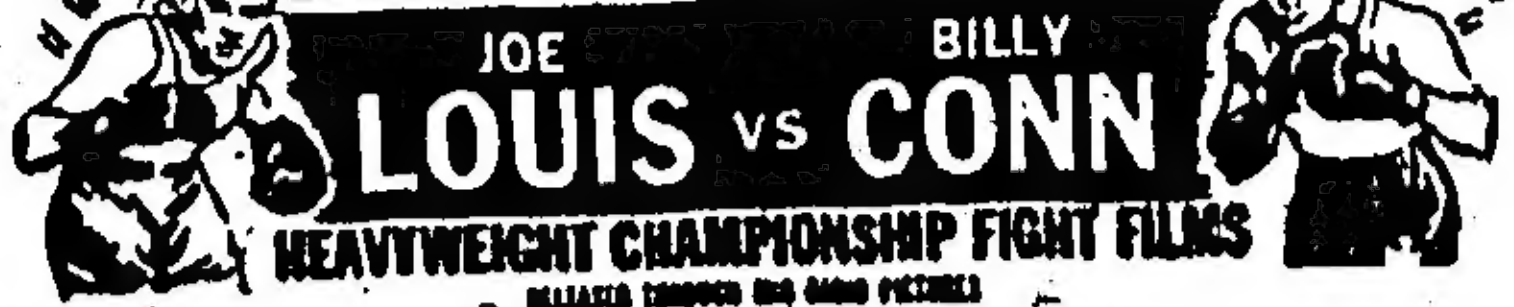
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RUTH WARRICK
ELLEN DREW

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"FENGTIEN"	Singapore Noon 13th Sept.
"ANHUI"	Amoy, Swatow, Saigon, Singapore & Penang 7 a.m. 15th Sept.
"KWEIYANG"	Swatow & Bangkok 2 p.m. 16th Sept.
"TSINAN"	Shanghai Noon 16th Sept.
"FOOCHOW"	Shanghai 2 p.m. 17th Sept.
"NANCHANG"	(No Passengers) Swatow, Shanghai & Tientsin 2 p.m. 19th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM

"NANCHANG"	Singapore & Saigon 15th Sept.
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CANTON RIVER LINE

"TATSHAN"	Arrives 6 p.m. 13th Sept.
	Sails 10 a.m. 15th Sept.
	Arrives 1.30 p.m. 17th Sept.
	Sails noon 19th Sept.

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE**U. K. SERVICE**

"ATREUS"	17th Sept.	Port Said, Liverpool via Straits.
"PROMETHEUS"	late Sept.	do
	Arriving	From
"BENRINNES"	26th Sept.	U.K. via Straits
"THESEUS"	22nd Sept.	do
"SAMOA"	28th Sept.	do
"SAMAFRIC"	Early Oct.	do
"ANTIOCHUS"	Early Oct.	do

NEW YORK SERVICE

"GLAUCUS"	3rd week Oct.	New York
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Agents:**AUSTRALIAN - ORIENTAL LINE, LTD.**

"YUNNAN"	3rd week Sept.	Sydney and Melbourne.
	Arriving	From
"YUNNAN"	13th Sept.	Australia.

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P. & O. Building, 5th floor. Tel. 23755.**CHINESE SHIPPING DEPT.**

20 Connaught Road, Central. Tel. 24639.

The HO HONG STEAMSHIP Co. (1932) Ltd.**S.S. "HONG KHENG"**Sailing to Amoy & Swatow 17th September
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Containing

ALL THE LOCAL NEWS OF THE WEEK

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"CHINA MAIL" & "SUNDAY HERALD"**ONLY 30 CENTS****ON SALE EVERY THURSDAY****Breakdown Of Trade Talks**

London, Sept. 12.

With morning newspapers describing the Anglo-Argentine economic talks as having broken down or on the verge of a collapse, an informed Argentine source said that if and when the failure was confirmed a month to month agreement might be reached for continued import here of Argentine meat and export of British products to the Argentine.

There also were reports, neither confirmed or denied, that the British Government hoped to start a fresh series of conversations each dealing with the individual subject of its trade and financial relations with Argentina some time after the Buenos Aires mission returns here empty handed as it is now generally expected.

A representative of a large export concern said the effect of ad valorem tariffs already are being felt with an increasing number of cars and trucks earmarked for export to Argentina left on the docks.—Associated Press.

New York Exchanges

New York, Sept. 11.
American A/C Sterling 4.03-9/16, American A/C Sterling 3 Months 4.03-7/16, 4.03-9/16, On Sweden 27.82, 27.85, France 84, 84 1/4, Switzerland (Official) 24.00, 24.25, Switzerland (Free) 24.15 offered, Spain 9.20, Portugal 4.04, 4.05, Australia 3.23, New Zealand 3.25, South Africa 4.02 1/2, British East Africa 20.25, India 30.29, China 3.32 1/2, 3.38 1/2, Argentina (Official) 29.78, Argentina (Free) 24.78 offered, Brazil 5.45, Bolivia (Official) 2.00, Bolivia (Free) 2.38, Chile (Official) 5.16, Chile (Free) 5.22, Chile (Export) 4.00, Colombia 56.98, Cuba 100, Ecuador 7.50, Guatemala 102, Holland 37.78, 20.00, 20.53, Peru 15.50, Uruguay 56.00b, Venezuela 29.90, Netherlands West Indies 53.05, Dutch Guiana 53.35, Montreal on London 4.02, Montreal on New York 96.00, Swiss Bank Notes rate 28.00, 30.00, Belgian Franc 2.28, 2.28 1/2.—Reuter.

N.Y. STOCK MARKET

New York, Sept. 11.
Stocks negotiated a speedy rally in the market with leaders recovering 1 to 10 points or more of recent slump losses. The ticker tape was as much as four minutes late during the first hour. Prices then subsided and dealings slowed. There was another rush of buying orders in the final half hour and the recording machinery again lagged as many pivots pushed to the best levels of the day at the close. Transfers were in the neighborhood of 3,000,000 shares.

Eastman Kodak jumped 6 points at the start on a single sale, retreating, then enjoyed another bulge to finish with a net gain of 10 1/2 points. Norfolk and Western added 5 points. Santa Fe, Allied Chemical and International Harvester were up 3 points or better.

Reversal of the downswing was attributed to short covering and bargain hunter demand on the idea the list was substantially oversold and was due for an about face.

Low Jones averages:
Stocks 62.71, 29 Industrials 172.13, 15 Rails 50.36, 10 Utilities 34.78.
Adams Express 15 1/4, Alaska Juneau 5 1/4, American Can 88 1/4, American Smelting 49, American Telephone 175, American Tobacco 81, American Waterworks 17, Anaconda Copper 37 1/4, Aviation Corporation 7 1/4, Baldwin Locomotive 22 1/4, Barnsdall 22 1/4, Bendis Aviation 34 1/4, Bethlehem Steel 34 1/4, Boeing Aircraft 23 1/4, Borg-Warner 43 1/4, Canadian Pacific 15, Chrysler 93, Colgate 47, Commercial Solvents 21 1/4, Corn Products 62, Dupont de Nemours 176 1/4, Eastman Kodak 219, Electric Light & Power 16 1/4, General Motors 55 1/4, General Electric 39, Goodyear 59, Goodyear 58, Homestead Mining 38, International Harvester 82 1/4, International Paper 42 1/4, International Tel & Tel 19 1/4, Johns Manville 121 1/4, Kennecott Copper 44, Montgomery Ward 68, National Distillers 23 1/4, National Lead 20 1/4, New York Central 17 1/4, Packard Motors 7 1/4, Pan-American Airways 15, Pennsylvania RR 32 1/4, Radio Corporation 10 1/4, Real Silk 20, Republic Steel 28 1/4, Reynolds Tobacco 37 1/4, Schenley 68 1/4, Sears & Roebuck 90 1/4, Shell Oil 81, Socony Vacuum 15, Southern Pacific 48, Standard Brands 110, Standard Oil of Calif 5 1/4, Standard Oil of N.J. 65 1/4, Studebaker 28 1/4, Union Bag 27, Union Carbide 93, U.S. Rubber 60 1/4, U.S. Steel 71 1/4, Westinghouse 27, Youngstown Sheet & Tube 20 1/4.—Associated Press.

NEW YORK STOCK LOSSES

New York, Sept. 12.
Wall Street statisticians studied figures of the New York Stock Exchange which disclosed that from July 30 to Aug. 30 listed stocks on the big board dropped \$4,782,027,387 to a total quoted value of \$74,850,288,520.
In other quarters the September loss up to including Sept. 12 was approximately \$9,200,000,000. From the 15 year high of May 28 last, the total shrinkage in quoted values was roughly set at more than \$15,000,000,000 by financial commentators.—Associated Press.

Exchanges In London

London, Sept. 11.
On New York 4.02 1/2, 4.03, Montreal 4.02, 4.04, Zurich 17.34, 17.36, Stockholm 14.47, 14.50, Buenos Aires unquoted, Brazil 75.4410, Brazil (allies) unquoted, Uruguay unquoted, Belgium 167.50, Paris & French Empire 479.50, 480.30, Syria 881, 885, Liebon 99.80, 100.20, Swiss Bank Notes Middle 17.25, 17.50, Netherlands West Indies 7.56, Netherlands East Indies 10.68, 10.70, Holland 10.63, Panama 4.02, 4.04, Denmark 19.32, 19.36, Prague 201, 202, Norway 19.98, 20.02.
Forward Rates: One Month: United States 1/2 p, 1/2 D, Canada 1/2 p, 1/2 D, Switzerland 1/2 p, 1/2 D, Sweden 1 1/4 p, 1 1/4 D, Paris 40 cents, 40 cents, Holland 1 cent 1 cent.

Bank of England Clearing Rates: Madrid 44.00, Italy 71.25, Free Market Rates: India 17.94, 18.00, Australia 125, 125.50, New Zealand 124.37, 125, South Africa 100, 100.50, Teheran 128, 130, Alexandria 97.37, 97.025, Singapore 2/4-1/2, 2/4-1/2, Hongkong 1/2-1/16, 1/3-1/16, Philippines 8.10, 8.15, Rangoon 1/6-1/16, 1/6-1/16, Shanghai unquoted.
Special A/C Rates: Lima 20.10, 20.16, Lapaz 168.62, 170.32, Valparaiso 100.025, 101.500, Turkey unquoted.
Central American A/C Rates: Mexico 10.45, 10.45, Bogota 7.00, 7.00.—Reuter.

U.S. COTTON

New York, Sept. 11.
Cotton futures turned mixed in afternoon trading after prices rallied as much as \$3.25 in early dealings. Increased hedge selling and commission house profit taking were factors in the turn-around. Futures closed 95 cents to \$3.15 a bale higher.
Oct. 30.25-26, Dec. 30.18-24, March 35.36, May 35.08, July 35.16, Oct. 35.07.
New Orleans cotton futures closed \$2.35 to \$3.05 a bale higher. Oct. 35.15, Dec. 35.18, March 35.94-36.00, May 35.54, July 35.03-07.—Associated Press.

Chicago, Sept. 11.
Grain futures fluctuated throughout the session although extreme losses were reduced on moderate late buying.
The down prices were attributed to the failure of the local Commodity Credit Corporation to purchase wheat this week and forecasts of bumper crops.
Wheat closed on losses of 1 1/4 to 3 cents with January \$1.94 1/4. Corn was off 1/4 to 1 1/4 with January \$1.25. Oats, September 77 1/2.—Associated Press.

New York, Sept. 11.
A membership of the New York Stock Exchange was sold today for \$62,000, a decrease of \$13,000 from the previous sale.—Reuter.

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S.S. "LOUIS McHENRY HOWE"	20th Sept.	Singapore, Bombay, Bue, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Leghorn, Genoa, New York and Boston.
S.S. "MARINE FLIER"	21st Sept.	Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Bue, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Leghorn, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.
S.S. "HAMILTON VICTORY"	22nd Sept.	San Francisco and Los Angeles.
S.S. "NONPAREIL"	end Sept.	New York and Boston.
S.S. "MARINE LYNX"	early Oct.	Shanghai and San Francisco.

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S.S. "WOSANG"	to Saigon, Singapore & Penang 15th Sept.
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S.S. "HINSANG"	(No Passengers) to Labuan & Sandakan 10th Sept.

ARRIVALS

S.S. "KWAISANG"	from Tientsin, Tsingtao & Keelung 10th Sept.
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IN PORT

S.S. "WOSANG"	Buoy B2.
S.S. "EMPIRE FARAH"	Kowloon Dock.
S.S. "ESANG"	Kowloon Dock.
S.S. "EMPIRE WITHAM"	(Ben Line Berth) Kowloon Dock.
S.S. "WINGSANG"	Custodian Wharf.
S.S. "HINSANG"	Buoy A10.

Subject to alteration without notice.

All intending Passengers are requested to register their names as far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to leave.

Agents: GLEN LINE LTD.

S.S. "PROMETHEUS"	arrd. from U.K. Discharging Hoia Wharf.
S.S. "GLENAFRIC"	due from U.K. 25th Sept.
M.V. "GLENARTNEY"	due from U.K. 15th Sept.

Managing Agents:**AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE**

M.V. "KAFIRISTAN"	arrd. from Melbourne discharging Kowloon Wharf No. 1. Commenced load for Shanghai 13th Sept. and for Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide early October.
S.S. "PERIOD"	due from Sydney 25th Sept.

Agents: PRINCE LINE LTD.**Chinese Freight Agents: CHEONG FAT CO.,**
54 Bonham Strand E. Tel. 20037.**Agents: THE WESTERN CANADA STEAMSHIPS LTD.**

S.S. "KITSILANO PARK" due from Vancouver 16th Sept.

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"ATREUS"	U. K.	Discharging
"SAMETTRICK"	KARACHI & BOMBAY	Discharging
"BENALDER"	U. K.	Mid September
"TREVETHOE"	U. K.	October
"GLENIFFER"	U. K.	October

Ship	Loads For	Ready
"SAMSOARING"	U. K. via Straits	20th September

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SHIP	FROM	DUE
"EASTERN"	Australian Ports	Discharging
"NELLORE"	SYDNEY	10th September
"EASTERN"	SHANGHAI	Sails 10 a.m. Sept. 16th

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S.S. "BENLOMOND"	late September.
S.S. "BENCRACHAN"	late September.

LOADING

S.S. "BENRINNES"	loading for London 2nd half Sept.
S.S. "BENALDER"	2nd half Sept.
S.S. "BENLOMOND"	1st half Oct.
S.S. "BENCRACHAN"	2nd half Sept.

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Grim Story Of British P.O.W.'s

Tokyo, Sept. 12.
In cold, precise words, a British Colonel related to the International Military Tribunal here today the Japanese mistreatment of United Kingdom prisoners which resulted in the deaths of 3,000 of 7,000 men in seven months.
Colonel Cyril Dalrymple told the court that within 10 weeks of leaving Singapore for jobs on the Japanese Burma-Shan railroad, more than 1,500 of the 7,000 men contingent had died. Of the remainder, he said, "only 700 were still going out to work, of whom half were sick men."
Men who fell ill while working on the railroad were given the most primitive medical treatment, Dalrymple said. 1,600 British troops were marched into camp in May of 1943 to begin work. "More than 1,200 were dead by November," he said.
The Colonel told how sick men were piled together, how tropical ulcers were treated only with banana leaves, how men awoke in the morning to find companions next to their dead.

Common Sight

"It was a common sight to see dead men lying across live ones and I regularly saw from six to 10 dead bodies lying outside the hut awaiting disposal after having died during the night," he told the court.
Earlier, Wild had testified that while thousands of prisoners died in the grueling work amidst the jungle heat and filth, only one of the 250 Korean guards perished.
(Other British prisoners who lived through this ordeal have said the Koreans were far more savage and brutal in their treatment of prisoners than the Japanese.)
Japanese commanders ignored Allied officers' pleas to move the sick men so they would not have to toil in the jungle, Wild told the court. The sick prisoners were treated as if well and forced to "work on jobs that killed them," he declared.—Associated Press.

Mr. Jinnah Seeing Viceroy

Bombay, Sept. 12.
Mr. Jinnah, Muslim League President, has accepted an invitation from Lord Wavell, the Viceroy, to discuss the political situation in India. He is probably going to Delhi on Sunday.
Well-informed quarters said that the Viceroy was very anxious to impress on Mr. Jinnah the seriousness of the situation created by the League's threat of "direct action" and by the recent Calcutta disturbances, which resulted in a reported death toll of over 3,000.
It is also believed that the Viceroy wishes to place before Mr. Jinnah the view that the recent broadcast appeal for cooperation by Pandit Nehru, Congress President and leader of the new all-Indian interim government, which the Muslim League refused to join, deserves serious consideration.—Reuter.

RADIO

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1946.
VARIETY REQUESTS
ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m., and 7.30 to 8.30 p.m., and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m., also on 9.52 megacycles.
H.K.T.
12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.
12.32 p.m.—Victor Young and His Orchestra.
1.00 p.m.—News, Weather Forecast and Announcements.
1.10 p.m.—"Loud and Funnier"—Variety.
1.30 p.m.—Nelson Vallin and Begone-mouth Municipal Orchestra.
2.00 p.m.—Close Down.
6.30 p.m.—Glenn Miller's Orchestra with Dinah Miller.
7.00 p.m.—"Old Times"—Variety.
7.30 p.m.—Piano Parade—Charlie Kuna.
7.50 p.m.—Studio Talk by Rev. Fr. T. F. Ryan, S. J., Acting Director of the Dept. of Agriculture and Forestry on "The New Government's Vegetable Marketing Scheme."
7.45 p.m.—Vocal Duets: Anna Ezzler and Webster Booth.
8.00 p.m.—London Relay: News.
8.15 p.m.—"Bernadette to the Stars"—E.N.A.
8.30 p.m.—Variety Requests.
8.50 p.m.—"Titch and Titch"—Musical Comedies.
10.00 p.m.—London Relay: News.
10.05 p.m.—"A Choice of Colour."
10.25 p.m.—S. B. O. Whimsical Singers.
10.55 p.m.—S. B. O.—"Smashy"—On-chest.
11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

NEW BRITISH ARMY

Washington, Sept. 12.
Field-Marshal Lord Montgomery, Chief of the British Imperial General Staff, disclosed today plans to mould the post-war British Army on the American pattern in important respects.
At a press conference, he mentioned the American Chief-of-Staff system as one he was introducing into the British Army, having seen its advantages during the war.
—Associated Press.

Emma Sees Her Man

Nuernberg, Sept. 12.
Frau Goering saw her husband today for half an hour and is to have daily interviews of 30 minutes with him until the International War Crimes Tribunal meets on Sept. 23 to pronounce its judgment on Hermann Goering and 20 other Nazi major war criminals.
The wives of other prisoners who are expected to see their husbands under the Tribunal permit, providing for a 30-minute daily meeting, include those of Frank, Doenitz, Raeder and von Ribbentrop.
Frau von Ribbentrop, wife of the former Nazi Ambassador to Britain, has already arrived at Nuernberg.

Rudolf Hess, who, as Hitler's deputy, made a solo flight to Britain in 1941 and who is generally regarded as being near insanity, has refused to see his wife.—Reuter.

Istanbul, Sept. 12.
Large detachments of police and military today broke up a demonstration of several thousand students of Istanbul University, in protest, according to the leaders, against the alleged killing in Yugoslavia of Moslem Yugoslavs of Turkish origin.—Associated Press.

Shipping Strike May Hit India

New York, Sept. 12.
India, already facing possible collapse in her rationing system through lack of grains, may, as a result of the shipping strike here, lose much of the 234,000 tons scheduled for shipment from the United States this month—at a time when America is reaping the biggest aggregate grain harvest in history.

Half a million seamen are out and have been striking for a week. The deadlock is complete, and box-cars, once considered the bottleneck, are rolling grain across the United States to the ports where none of it can leave.

The India Famine Emergency Committee here issued a special bulletin tonight to spotlight the crisis. "It is estimated that at least 224,000 tons of grain in addition to the present commitments must be loaded for shipment to India this month if a general collapse of her rationing system is to be averted," the bulletin said.

This is almost as much again as the United States September quota, which, the bulletin said, was the only large shipment booked for India this month from any country.
Meanwhile an Agriculture Department spokesman in New York said the strike made the prospect of meeting the quota "more and more dubious every day," and the Department in Washington announced, ironically, that the final harvest estimates showed an all-time record of crops of wheat—almost all gathered in—and corn, which is still maturing. The oats crop is also expected to be

On the invitation of the Royal Danish Aero Club, 51 members of the Royal British Aero Club will fly to Denmark to take part in a Flying Day on Sept. 22.—Associated Press.

Istanbul, Sept. 12.
The Anatolia news agency today denied officially press reports that two Turkish planes had been lost after flying over the Turkish-Russian border.—Associated Press.

Naval Officer Criticised In Boarding Incident

Singapore, Sept. 12.
Incidents connected with the embarkation of 306 first-class passengers on the steamer Camerona, under the command of the Divisional Transport Officer, have drawn a representative, Mr. S. K. Chettur, which criticises the behaviour of the naval officer conducting the embarkation.

In a written statement, Mr. Chettur said that passengers assembled as instructed at 9 a.m. on Sept. 9 but were not allowed to embark until sweepers were signed on.
"At 11.30 a.m. I learned from the shipping agents that sweepers would be signed on at 4.00 p.m. I immediately sent a representative to the dock to inform the waiting crowd of this change in arrangements. About 5.15 p.m. the embarkation began."

"The Indian public naturally resented being made to wait in this manner from 9.00 a.m. to 7.00 p.m. and many had no transport to go back and come again. The process of embarkation was very much complicated by the unfortunate attitude of one of the officers of the Principal Sea Transport Officers' Office (said to be of a lieutenant-commander's rank), who was consistently rude to the Indian passengers."

Hit Child

"The first incident was when the naval officer pushed a sweeper who was leaving the ship and the latter left his sandals on the gangway. One of the staff unwisely threw the sandals at the Indian passenger and hit a small child. The Indian gentleman, who naturally resented the injury done to his child, got very annoyed and threw the sandals back into the gangway. Thereupon, one of the European staff with a lathi is

alleged to have jumped from the gangway and attempted to assault the passengers. This was luckily prevented.
"The second incident was between Mr. R. K. Bannerjee of the Congress Medical Mission and a European officer of the Principal Sea Transport Officers' Office, who holds the rank of a lieutenant-commander. The latter is alleged to have assaulted Mr. Bannerjee while he was going up the gangway with his luggage in both hands. He caught Mr. Bannerjee by the neck and knocked him against the iron rails of the gangway. He was rescued by Miss S. Ryan, a Government of India officer of the Welfare Bureau, who informs me that the crowd of passengers would have retaliated on this officer but for the intervention of other Indian passengers."

Stowaways Found
"It is quite clear considerable blame is attached to the shipping company for their inability to make satisfactory arrangements to ensure the embarkation of the passengers at a proper time and secondly, against the staff of the Principal Sea Transport Officers' Office present at the gangway."

I watched their behaviour myself and I am satisfied their general attitude was one of indifference to the comfort of the passengers waiting and there was a lamentable lack of courtesy on their part towards the respectable passengers."

The Camerona sailed from Singapore on Tuesday morning, but was back in port late in the afternoon to land 155 stowaways afterwards sailing on Tuesday night. "The stowaways appeared today in court when the majority claimed trial and cases were adjourned. A few pleaded guilty and were bound over.—Reuter.

Washington, Sept. 12.
Agriculture Secretary Clinton F. Anderson today confirmed reports that the Office of Price Administration will increase sugar prices "in a day or two."—Associated Press.

London, Sept. 12.
Lord Brabazon of Tara, former Minister of Aviation and the first English aviator, was elected President of the Federation Aeronautique Internationale today.—Associated Press.

French Assembly Vote Of 273 To 273

Paris, Sept. 11.
By a dramatic 273-273 vote, France's Constituent Assembly are deadlocked on the question of whether to let the nation decide, in a referendum, the method of selecting its legislative representatives. The commission's report opposes such a referendum.

The Radical-Socialist and MRP voted in favour of the Communists and Socialists in opposition. The vote sent the proposal back to the commission for re-study.
"The people want to be consulted on a question which so gravely involves their destiny," warned pre-war Premier Edouard Herriot, Radical-Socialist leader.

"If you do not give them the occasion to speak out, you will have only confused votes on the constitution."

"As a matter of fact, the hostile votes will be, for the most part, only a protest against the election law, to which the people do not want to submit any longer, now that they understand," Herriot said. Behind the assembly's debate was the important question of whether voting procedures should be maintained at single lists, or changed to mixed lists, which in turn might affect the fate

of France's big three parties at the ballot box.
France's present deputies were elected by single list balloting. That is, the voters were confronted by a series of lists of candidates from various parties. The voter could only vote for one list, or in other words, for only one party.
Supporters of the referendum want mixed list voting. In this case, the voter could, if he desired, vote for several candidates from different parties.—Associated Press.

AID FOR INDIA

Washington, Sept. 11.
Fifty thousand tons of Canadian wheat will be shipped to India this month, Mr. A. L. Gurie, the Food Adviser to the Indian Agency-General said. Canada allocated six shiploads of wheat in response to a request for all possible aid for India. Since the vessels will sail from Canadian ports their departure will not be hindered by the American shipping strike.—Reuter.

SPORTS SECTION Huddersfield's Big Win Over Derby

London, Sept. 11.
Huge crowds again flocked to Football League matches played today. Over 50,000 were at Wolverhampton, and the games at Manchester, Everton and Newcastle each attracted over 40,000.

NORTH-SOUTH MATCH

Scarborough, Sept. 11.
Close of play scores in the cricket game between North of England and South of England were: North of England 277 (Sellers 50, E. Edrich 53 not out, Young six for 60). South of England: 21 for one.—Reuter.

Woodcock To Meet Gus Lesnevich

London, Sept. 11.
Gus Lesnevich, world cruiserweight champion boxer, has impressed British sports writers with his fine shape as he tunes up for next week's bout with the British heavyweight champion, Bruce Woodcock.
They still remember the great battle earlier this year, when Lesnevich scored a technical knockout over Freddie Mills, Woodcock's foremost British rival. Lesnevich's manager said today that Gus had never been better in his life—"Win or lose he will put up the fight of his life against Woodcock."
Lesnevich plans to return to the United States as soon as possible after Tuesday's fight.—Reuter.

Cardinals Lose To Phillies

New York, Sept. 12.
Southpaw Oscar Judd pitched Philadelphia to a 9 to 4 victory over the National League leading St. Louis Cardinals.
The second place Brooklyn Dodgers and the Cincinnati Reds battled to a 19 inning scoreless tie before darkness halted the game. It was the longest scoreless game ever played in the major leagues.
Playing over the last 12 innings Boston and Chicago battled to a 3-17 inning tie which also was called because of darkness.
Pittsburgh handed the New York Giants a double defeat, winning the first game 7 to 6 and the second game 7 to 6.
In the American League Detroit staged a five run uprising in the first inning including Hank Greenberg's 35th homer with two on base to hand the League Leading Boston Red Sox their fifth straight defeat, 7 to 3.
Another five-run blast, this time in the sixth inning, gave the Chicago White Sox a 6 to 1 victory over the Washington Senators.
Cleveland easily beat the New York Yankees, 11 to 2.
Scores:

National			
	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	4	9	0
Philadelphia	3	10	1
Brooklyn (Called 19th darkness)	3	(tie)	
Cincinnati	3	(tie)	
Chicago (Called 12th darkness)	3	13	1
Boston	3	8	1
Pittsburgh (1st game)	7	9	0
New York	6	10	2
Pittsburgh (2nd game)	7	9	2
New York	5	8	2
American			
Boston	3	7	1
Detroit	7	8	2
Washington	1	8	1
Chicago	6	11	2
New York	2	9	3
Cleveland	11	18	0
(One night game.)			
—Associated Press.			

HOCKEY GAMES WANTED

An invitation has been received by the Officers' Hockey team of 180 Indian Infantry Brigade to visit Macao for games against the Macao Hockey Club.
Local teams or representative sides, wishing to play friendly games are requested to communicate with the Education Officer, (Det. 4001), as soon as possible. The Officers will make the necessary arrangements concerning grounds etc.

Huddersfield Town, the only team in the first division without a point before the match with Derby County, showed marked improvement. McShane, signed from Blackburn Rovers yesterday, scored Huddersfield's opening goal in the 12th minute, which laid the foundation for a big win.
Manchester United and Blackpool maintain their positions at the head of the League. The United played attractive football in out-playing Liverpool, while Blackpool scraped home at Portsmouth.
Newcastle United, by virtue of their win against Coventry, went to the top of the Second League.
Results of games played today were:

First Division			
Bolton	3	Stoke	2
Charlton	5	Sunderland	0
Everton	3	Arsenal	2
Huddersfield	5	Derby	2
Manchester U.	5	Liverpool	0
Portsmouth	0	Blackpool	1
Wolves	1	Villa	2
Second Division			
Luton	3	Millwall	0
Newcastle	3	Coventry	1
Plymouth	1	Chesterfield	0
Third South			
Palace	1	Brighton	0
Exeter	4	Alershot	1
Notts Co.	0	Bristol C.	3
Queen's Park	2	Oxford	0
Reading	2	Torquay	2
Irish Cup (2nd Round)			
Coleraine	3	Cliftonville	1
Liffield	5	Derry	0
Glasgow Cup (Semi-Final)			
Partick	2	Third Lanark	3
Scottish "B" Cup Final			
Raith	2	East Fife	3
(played on a home and away basis).—Reuter.			

Chess Duel in Moscow
Moscow, Sept. 12.
The Soviet chess-master Paul Keres today outplayed the American, Reuben Fine, in the opening game of the United States-Russia chess duel.

Keres won in 32 moves, the game lasting four and a half hours with Fine resigning the game at the 32nd move. The Russians have one point to none for the Americans.
The main match opens here tomorrow. Keres' duel with Fine began one day early because Fine received word he should return home immediately.—Associated Press.

CONTROL BOARD DECISION

Sydney, Sept. 12.
The number of matches the Indian cricket team will play in Australia in 1947 and 1948 is still under consideration. It was announced today at a meeting of the Australian Cricket Board of Control.
The Board decided to reimpose the player-writer and player-broadcaster ban for the forthcoming tour of the English team. The ban also applies to the Australian test selectors, Bradman, Dwyer and Ryder.—Reuter.

MINIATURE SOCCER

The Hong Kong Miniature Football Association are organising a number of football games in aid of the Chinese Women's Welfare Association (Hong Kong and Macao) Funds.
The following are the games arranged:—
Monday, Sept. 23—Canton v. Association (6 p.m.).
Tuesday, Sept. 24—Canton v. A European team (6 p.m.).
Wednesday—Canton v. Hong Kong (6 p.m.).
Prize of admission: \$30.00 for the series, \$5.00 and 50 cents.

Rugby Union result: Bristol 8, Western-super-Mare 5.—Reuter.

Barney Ross In Trouble

New York, Sept. 12.
Barney Ross, 37-year-old former holder of two world boxing championships and as a marine corporal, a hero in the Guadalcanal campaign, today voluntarily surrendered to Federal authorities in order to take a drug addiction cure at the Public Health Hospital at Lexington, Kentucky.

Ross told newsmen that "through no fault of mine," he began taking drugs after being hospitalized at Guadalcanal for shock and malaria. He said "a couple of friends of mine, corporals in the service, who meant me only good, began giving me treatments for the shock I suffered."
Ross, who won numerous military honours for his Guadalcanal services, was placed under technical arrest on charges of illegal possession of drugs. He was then brought to the office of United States Attorney John McGohey, who said he would expedite the fighter's admission to Lexington Hospital.

McGohey explained that because the hospital was crowded, voluntary submission to arrest was the only means Ross had of gaining admission. He said Ross would not be arraigned and no bail would be asked.
"It required a lot of moral courage for a man in Ross' position to have taken the step he has," McGohey said.
Ross, who won the world's lightweight championship in 1933 and the welterweight crown in 1934, said: "About a year after I was discharged, the awful headaches came back and I had a return of malaria. I resorted to the old treatment (began by his comrades in the service) but not being a doctor, I soon began to feel I was getting into deep water. For that reason, I want to be cured.
"Because I have been a champion, I suppose I am the idol of a large number of kids, and I don't want to disillusion them by winding up as a drug addict," he declared.—Associated Press.

Bobby Locke Heads Field

Sudbury, Middlesex, Sept. 11.
J. R. Kane of the Royal Calcutta Golf Club, failed to qualify in the Southern eliminating contest here today in the "News of the World" £2,000 match play championship, which begins at Hoylake on Sept. 25.
Playing below his best form, he had a second round of 80 for an aggregate of 158. He was in good company for two former British Open champions, Alf Padgham and Arthur Havers also failed to get inside the limit aggregate of 150.
The South African champion, Bobby Locke, headed the 23 qualifiers with 140, having a final effort of 69 today, which equalled the course record.
Henry Cotton, who also took 69, was second with 141, while the Australian, Norman von Nida, with 72, was third with an aggregate of 142.—Reuter.

PREPARING FOR OLYMPICS

London, Sept. 11.
The sub-committees preparing for the 1948 London Olympic Games have settled down to rapid work on their tremendous task, Mr. E. J. Holt, Secretary of the International Amateur Athletic Federation, told reporters today.
The committees include those responsible for technical arrangements, reception and hospitality, finance, entertainment arts and the housing committee, which faces one of the toughest assignments in post-war London.
His primary task will be to find accommodation for at least 5,000 athletes. Mr. Holt was confident that, with goodwill from the British Government, this would be possible.—Reuter.
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